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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
1
                  FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA
                             ATLANTA DIVISION
2
     JAMIE LEE ANDREWS, et al.
3
                     Plaintiffs,
                                               CIVIL ACTION FILE
4
                                              NO. 1:14-CV-3432-WSD
     v.
5
                                              ATLANTA, GEORGIA
     AUTOLIV JAPAN LTD., et al.
6
                     Defendants.
7
8
                        TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
9
              BEFORE THE HONORABLE WILLIAM S. DUFFEY, JR.,
                      UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
10
                         ATTORNEY'S FEES HEARING
11
                        Wednesday, July 26, 2017
12
13
     APPEARANCES OF COUNSEL:
14
     For the Plaintiffs:
                               BUTLER WOOTEN CHEELEY & PEAK LLP
15
                                     Tedra L. Cannella
                               (By:
                                     Rory Allen Weeks
16
                                     Brandon L. Peak)
17
                               ALSTON & BIRD LLP
     For Defendant Autoliv:
                               (By: Jenny Ann Mendelsohn
18
                                     Douglas G. Scribner)
19
20
21
            Proceedings recorded by mechanical stenography
22
                and computer-aided transcript produced by
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1	INDEX	
2	Witness	Page
3	DOUGLAS G. SCRIBNER Direct (By Ms. Mendelsohn) Cross (By Ms. Cannella) 5 16	5
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
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16		
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1	Wednesday Afternoon Session	
2	July 26, 2017	
3	2:30 p.m.	
4		
5	PROCEEDINGS	
6		
7	(In open court:)	
8	THE COURT: Good afternoon, everybody. This is the	
9	hearing on Autoliv's motion for attorney's fees, which is in	
10	Civil Action No. 14-3432.	
11	Would counsel announce their appearances, please?	
12	MS. CANNELLA: Your Honor, Tedra Cannella for the	
13	plaintiffs.	
14	Mr. Butler is out of the state today.	
15	Brandon Peak is here with me. He's a partner at the firm,	
16	and he's just here to address anything that comes up that	
17	needs to be addressed.	
18	And then Rory Weeks is here as well for the	
19	plaintiff.	
20	Thank you.	
21	THE COURT: So you have got lots of	
22	reinforcements.	
23	And there is one more person.	
24	MR. PEAK: This is Ms. Andrews.	
25	MS. CANNELLA: Yes, I'm sorry, Your Honor, most	

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importantly, Ms. Andrews.
1
               THE COURT: Ms. Andrews, how are you?
2
               MS. CANNELLA: And then Cathy Huff is here.
3
                                                            She's
     a paralegal at our firm as well.
4
               THE COURT: Thank you.
5
               MR. SCRIBNER: Good afternoon.
6
7
               THE COURT: Good afternoon.
               MR. SCRIBNER: Jack Scribner on behalf of Autoliv,
8
     and Jenny Mendelsohn on behalf of Autoliv as well.
9
               THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon.
10
               This, of course, is on Autoliv's motion for
11
     attorney's fees and expenses pursuant to OCGA Section
12
     9-11-68.
13
               The plaintiff opposes the motion and had filed to
14
     request a hearing on it. That request was granted and
15
     scheduled for today.
16
               I want you to know that I have read everybody's
17
     submissions, including the materials that were given to me,
18
     some yesterday, some the day before. So I have had a chance
19
     to review those.
20
               But since it is Autoliv's motion, I will let them
21
     start.
22
23
               MR. SCRIBNER:
                              Thank you, Your Honor.
               Since you have read the briefing on it, we would
24
     like to start with the actual testimony and answer any
25
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questions you have after that.
1
               THE COURT: That would be fine.
2
               MR. SCRIBNER:
                               Thank you.
3
               May I approach, Your Honor?
4
               THE COURT: You may.
5
6
7
                           DOUGLAS G. SCRIBNER
         being first duly sworn by the Courtroom Deputy Clerk,
8
                     testifies and says as follows:
9
10
                            DIRECT EXAMINATION
11
     BY MS. MENDELSOHN:
12
          Can you state your name for the record?
13
     Q.
14
          Doug Scribner.
          Mr. Scribner, can you provide the Court with a summary
15
     of your educational background and experience?
16
          I attended the University of Toledo, and graduated with
17
     a Bachelor's of Business Administration majoring in Finance
18
     in 1992.
19
          I attended law school at the University of Toledo, and
20
     graduated in 1995, and joined the law firm of Alston & Bird
21
     in September of 1995.
22
          I joined what then was the trial practice group, which
23
     ultimately morphed into the litigation and trial practice
24
     group, and I have been there ever since.
25
```

- 1 | Q. And what year did you become a partner?
- 2 A. 2002.
- Q. Have you held any positions of leadership at Alston &
- 4 | Bird?
- 5 A. From 2009 to 2015, I was the co-chair of the litigation
- and trial practice group, where I managed 180 lawyers or so
- 7 | in eight offices, all concentrated in litigation.
- 8 I am currently the co-chair of the manufacturing and
- 9 industrials team, where we concentrate on representing
- 10 | manufacturers in litigation matters.
- 11 | Q. What types of cases do you typically handle?
- 12 A. Mostly commercial disputes between businesses, mostly
- manufacturers. As a younger lawyer I did a ton of product
- 14 | liability cases, and I still do product liability defense, a
- 15 | little less so now.
- 16 | Q. Do you represent plaintiffs, defendants, or both?
- 17 A. Over the past seven years, my practice mix has been
- 18 | about 50/50. I represent plaintiffs in commercial matters
- 19 and defendants in commercial matters. I don't represent
- 20 | plaintiffs in personal injury cases.
- 21 Q. Do you have any jury trial experience?
- 22 A. I have tried over twenty cases as lead counsel.
- 23 | O. As lead counsel, have you tried any products cases?
- 24 A. Approximately half have been product related cases that
- I have tried.

- Q. I want to switch gears a little bit and talk about this litigation.
- What has been your role in this litigation?
- 4 A. I have been the lead trial lawyer from the beginning
- 5 until today.
- 6 Q. Is this your first case for Autoliv?
- 7 A. No. I have represented Autoliv for a decade or so,
- 8 | primarily defending them in products cases where the
- 9 allegations involve alleged defective seatbelts and/or
- 10 airbags.
- 11 | Q. And you touched on this a little bit in your answer, but
- 12 | what does Autoliv do?
- 13 A. Autoliv is an occupant restraint company that supplies
- 14 products to auto makers to include in their vehicles.
- 15 Q. I'm going to refer you now to what's been previously
- 16 | marked as Exhibit A.
- I believe you have an exhibit notebook in front of you.
- MS. MENDELSOHN: And, Your Honor, you should have
- 19 one as well.
- THE COURT: I do.
- 21 A. I am ready.
- 22 Q. Do you recognize Exhibit A, Mr. Scribner?
- 23 | A. I do.
- 24 | O. And what is it?
- 25 A. This is an offer of settlement letter that I sent to

Mr. Butler on May 25, 2016, in this case.

- Q. Can you provide the Court with the status of the litigation at the time that you sent that letter?
- A. Sure. As the Court is aware, this is a product liability wrongful death case.

Originally the plaintiffs sued 13 defendants that fell into three categories. One was Mazda, the maker of the 2005 Mazda 3 at issue in the case, one was Bosch that provided the electronic equipment for the sensers of the airbag, and one group was the Autoliv defendants.

At the time we made this proposal, discovery had been completed, fact witnesses had been deposed, documents had been produced, experts had been deposed.

We had filed a motion for summary judgment, and the plaintiffs had responded, and I believe we had filed a reply. I'm not 100 percent certain about that, but I'm pretty sure the briefing was complete when we made this offer.

Importantly from our perspective in terms of why we made the offer when we did, we had learned during the course of discovery that the plaintiffs' expert regarding the airbag which did not deploy during this accident conceded that it was not Autoliv's part that failed. The plaintiffs' expert said that it was a Mazda-Bosch problem.

And then with respect to the seatbelt, we felt

strongly -- and I know that the plaintiffs disagree. We felt strongly that the design of that seatbelt was a Mazda design and not an Autoliv design, and so we felt that our chances for summary judgment were good.

So we made this proposal at this time knowing that we would soon be receiving a ruling from Your Honor on summary judgment.

- Q. How much did you offer to settle the case for in your letter?
- 10 A. Two hundred thousand dollars, and we offered to
 11 structure any portion of a settlement for the benefit of
 12 Ms. Andrews' minor daughter.
- Q. What did you consider before making this offer,
- 14 Mr. Scribner?

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A. Well, we considered the entire case. We considered the likelihood of success on summary judgment for us. We considered the likelihood that the Eleventh Circuit would determine that we were entitled to judgment as matter of law.

We considered the likelihood that the plaintiff would recover against Autoliv at trial, the likelihood that -- or strike that -- how much the plaintiff could recover.

And importantly, we also considered how much responsibility would be allocated toward Autoliv given the testimony that had been given in the case, and the fact that

Mazda and Bosch seemed to be far more culpable, for lack of a better word, in the case.

In addition, the decedent himself drove unfortunately off the road in a one-vehicle accident, and so some responsibility could be his as well.

And, finally, we considered the cost of litigating going
forward and how expensive it would be if we didn't settle the
case.

- 9 Q. Did you receive a response from plaintiffs to your offer letter?
- 11 A. Yes.

3

4

5

- Q. I'm going to refer you now to Exhibit B, which I believe
- is in front of you. Do you recognize that document?
- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Is that the response that you received to your offer
- 16 letter?

23

24

- 17 A. Correct.
- Q. And how shortly after the offer letter was sent via e-mail did you receive that?
- A. We sent our offer of settlement via both certified mail as well as e-mail, because the parties had agreed that they would exchange all correspondence in the case via e-mail.
 - Mr. Butler responded to my offer of settlement a few minutes later -- I believe according to this, three minutes later -- the same day and said, "Be advised there will be no

- discussion of settlement with Autoliv unless and until said letter is withdrawn."
 - Q. I think you said earlier on that the parties would exchange correspondence via e-mail. Was there any sort of agreement reached by the parties to do that?
- 6 A. I don't know if I would call it an agreement necessarily.

I would say early in the case, if you look at Exhibit D in the materials, one of the lawyers who represented Bosch,
I believe, e-mailed Ms. Hobson but didn't copy others on the
Butler Wooten team, and Ms. Hobson said, "We insist you copy
our entire team on all correspondence regarding this
case. This is our third request. The list of e-mails is
pasted again below."

And there is seven or eight folks from both the Ballard & Feagle firm and the Butler Wooten firm listed there.

Mr. Butler responded on top of that saying, "Any e-mails that are not copied to all on plaintiffs' team will be deemed nonreceived and there will be no response thereto."

So I don't know that there was a formal agreement, but I know that we at that point going forward copied all of the folks that they wanted us to copy on all written communications via e-mail.

- Q. Did plaintiffs accept your offer of settlement?
- 25 A. No.

- 1 | Q. Did you have any further settlement discussions with
- 2 | plaintiffs' counsel after you received the e-mail previously
- 3 | marked as Exhibit B?
- 4 A. No.
- 5 | Q. What did you take away from plaintiffs' counsel's May
- 6 | 25th, 2016, e-mail?
- 7 A. That it was a rejection of our offer of settlement.
- 8 | Q. I'm going to switch gears a little bit now and talk a
- 9 little bit about attorneys' fees.
- 10 If you could look at Exhibit C, which is in front of
- 11 | you, are you familiar with that document?
- 12 | A. I am.
- 13 Q. And what does that represent?
- 14 A. Exhibit C are the bills that include the fees for which
- we seek recovery under O.C.G.A. 9-11-68. These bills have
- 16 | all been satisfied by Autoliv.
- And there are some redactions in here for two reasons.
- 18 The first redactions relate to entries that predated the
- 19 rejection of the offer of settlement, which means we can't
- 20 recover those.
- 21 And there are a smattering of additional redactions
- 22 that, given the fact that the case is pending in the
- 23 | Eleventh Circuit currently, we just didn't feel comfortable
- sharing with the other side.
- But in my experience if you are not willing to share the

- entry with the other side, you can't recover for it, so we
- 2 | are not.
- Q. You said based on your experience. Have you ever
- 4 testified as an expert witness regarding the reasonableness
- of attorneys' fees?
- 6 A. Several times.
- 7 Q. How many times?
- 8 A. Less than ten.
- 9 0. But more than one?
- 10 A. More than once. I have testified as to the
- 11 reasonableness of attorneys' fees at trial twice.
- 12 Q. Have you ever testified regarding the reasonableness of
- another's attorney's fees?
- 14 A. Yes. Other firms in Atlanta have hired me to testify
- about the reasonableness of their fees in certain litigation
- 16 matters.
- 17 Q. Has any court ever prohibited or precluded you from
- speaking on the reasonableness of attorneys' fees for lack of
- 19 expertise or otherwise?
- 20 A. No.
- 21 Q. Are you generally familiar with the hourly rates
- 22 charged by attorneys in wrongful death product liability
- 23 | cases?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. How are you aware of those rates?

A. I'm aware of it in lots of ways, but three primary ways.

Number one, I negotiate rates with very sophisticated consumers of legal services. I'm the client attorney for Koch Industries -- K-o-c-h, Koch Industries -- Autoliv, Georgia-Pacific, Mohawk Industries, Sto Corporation, Geographics, and all of these companies negotiate with me on rates. They tell me what others are charging out there, my competitors. And so we have to stay competitive, and so that's one way I know.

Another way I know is for six years I was the head of the largest practice group in my firm, and so I was constantly dealing with consultants who would help us set our rates. So I know generally what people are charging in the area for these types of cases.

And, finally, just anecdotally, I know a lot of folks in town who do similar work at the other firms that I'm familiar with, and so, yeah, I'm familiar with the rates.

- Q. Do you have a position regarding the reasonableness of the fees that Autoliv is seeking in this case?
- A. Yes. My position is that they are reasonable.
- Q. What were the rates that you and the attorneys working with you charged in this case?
 - A. My current hourly rate is \$790 an hour. We froze my rate in this case, and at that time it was \$715 an hour.

However, we gave them a 15 percent discount, which equates to roughly a little over six hundred dollars an hour for my time.

You were frozen at \$575 throughout the entirety of the engagement, I believe, and after the 15 percent discount, it ends up being in the high four hundreds. I believe \$488, \$489 per hour.

I would mention one other thing, and that is we staffed this very leanly. This entire case, which was complex and had a lot of documents and a lot of witnesses, we handled with two lawyers.

- Q. What type of work were you performing from May 2016 to October of 2016 in this case?
- A. The bulk of the work resulted from the fact that while our brief -- or strike that -- our motion for summary judgment was pending, we learned that Mazda, the manufacturer of the 2005 Mazda 3, settled with the plaintiffs, and that changed our view in terms of how to try the case. We had assumed that Mazda would be with us.

And so we had to think about how we would take depositions for preservation of evidence and use at trial of experts that the plaintiffs had hired and that sort of thing.

So it changed our strategy regarding trial. That was the bulk of the time.

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What are the total fees you are seeking to recover in
1
     this case?
2
          $29,977 or so. It's under thirty thousand dollars.
3
     Α.
     It's in our papers.
                          Sorry.
4
               MS. MENDELSOHN: Your Honor, at this time I would
5
     like to tender Exhibits A through D into evidence.
6
7
               THE COURT: Any objection?
               MS. CANNELLA: No, Your Honor.
8
               THE COURT: They are admitted.
9
               MS. MENDELSOHN: That's all the questions I have.
10
               THE COURT: All right. Plaintiff's turn.
11
               THE WITNESS: May I get some water, Your Honor?
12
               THE COURT: You may.
13
14
               MS. CANNELLA: May it please the Court.
15
                            CROSS-EXAMINATION
16
     BY MS. CANNELLA:
17
          Mr. Scribner, I have to admit, I have never had the
18
     opportunity to question a lawyer, a fellow member of the
19
     bar, on the stand. So I don't know that it could be
20
21
     pleasant, but my goal is to make it as not unpleasant as
     possible.
22
          First, let me ask you this. Is there anybody here today
23
     from Autoliv?
24
     Α.
          In the courtroom?
25
```

- 1 Q. Yes, sir.
- 2 A. No.
- Q. Do you have the exhibits in front of you?
- 4 | A. I do.
- 5 Q. Can you turn to Exhibit B, please?
- 6 A. Your Exhibit B?
- 7 Q. Your Exhibit B.
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Can you please tell the Court where the word "rejection"
- 10 | is used in that e-mail?
- 11 A. The word "rejection" does not appear in this e-mail.
- 12 Q. Okay. And can you please turn to Exhibit D? Your
- 13 | Exhibit D.
- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. This is the e-mail that Autoliv contends created an
- 16 | agreement by which the parties could effect service through
- 17 | electronic means; correct?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 Q. Okay. Was there an agreement by which the parties could
- 20 effect service through electronic means?
- 21 A. I don't think there was a formal agreement where we
- 22 agreed to that, no.
- 23 | O. Isn't it true that Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 5
- 24 requires there be an agreement before electronic service is
- 25 | sufficient under the rule?

```
Service of pleadings, correct. Offer of settlement is
1
     Α.
     not a pleading.
2
               MS. CANNELLA: May I approach, Your Honor?
3
               THE COURT: You may.
4
               MS. CANNELLA: I am going to hand you a copy of
5
     Rule 5.
6
7
               THE COURT: Let me ask you, did the plaintiffs
8
     serve by e-mail?
               MS. CANNELLA: I'm sorry, Your Honor?
9
               THE COURT: Did the plaintiffs serve pleadings and
10
     communications by e-mail?
11
               MS. CANNELLA: We served everything through the
12
     mail.
            We always sent courtesy copies as well.
13
               THE COURT: So you did serve by e-mail? Were
14
     there communications in e-mails that were not pleadings that
15
     were communicated by e-mail as opposed to being sent by a
16
     letter?
17
               MS. CANNELLA: Certainly we did talk to each other
18
     over e-mail, Your Honor, yes.
19
               THE COURT: I mean, did you routinely use e-mail?
20
               MS. CANNELLA: With items that had to be served
21
     under the rules?
22
               THE COURT: You know, you are picky about this.
23
     I have read this e-mail from Mr. Butler. It's pretty clear
24
     to me what it was.
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I'm just trying to figure, because now you are saying, well, it wasn't really -- it didn't meet the requirements of the rule. I'm just trying to figure out how the parties litigated and whether or not they waived the requirement. Did you routinely exchange pleadings and communications by e-mail? MS. CANNELLA: Yes, we did communicate for regular communications via e-mail. For those documents that had to be served under the rules, Autoliv served via U.S. Mail, plaintiff served via U.S. Mail, and plaintiff also sent electronic courtesy copies. I'm not sure, I can't stand here and tell the Court that Autoliv did or did not serve electronic courtesy copies as well, but I do have certificates of service which are also on the Court's system as well --THE COURT: No, I mean, I understand what's going on here, so continue your interrogation. I have read these e-mails. I have dealt with lawyers for a long time. I have dealt with your firm on at least one conference call in this case, and so I understand the tone and the manner in which your firm communicates, especially Mr. Butler. And this, I understand this communication. I have

- been doing this for almost forty years, I understand exactly
 what he was communicating. And any lawyer would.
- MS. CANNELLA: Well, Your Honor --
- 4 THE COURT: Continue.
- MS. CANNELLA: Okay.
- 6 BY MS. CANNELLA:
- 7 Q. Mr. Scribner, Exhibit D followed a series of incidents
- 8 where the lawyers in the case on the defense side were not
- 9 copying paralegals and legal assistants; correct?
- 10 A. As long as you are not including me as a lawyer, because
- 11 | we always did.
- 12 Q. Oh, okay. Well, this e-mail itself was not copied to
- the legal assistants originally; correct?
- 14 A. That's what -- your e-mail suggests that, yes, that they
- were not copying the right people. The lawyers for Bosch
- 16 | were not.
- 17 | Q. And you said that Autoliv always copied all legal
- 18 assistants and paralegals in accordance with that request?
- 19 A. I believe after we received this e-mail, Ms. Mendelsohn
- 20 and I had a conversation and I said make sure that every
- 21 | human being they wanted to be copied on every e-mail is
- 22 copied, please.
- 23 | Q. Could you please turn to Exhibit B?
- 24 A. Your B or my B?
- 25 Q. Your B.

A. Thank you.

- Yes, I have it.
- 3 | Q. The letter that was sent with the offer of settlement
- 4 | was attached to Ms. Mendelsohn's e-mail that is in the
- 5 | string; correct?
- 6 A. I believe that's correct, yes.
- 7 Q. Okay. And the reply to it, in fact, shows that the
- 8 | people on it did not include the legal assistants; correct?
- 9 A. From Mr. Butler?
- 10 Q. Yes, sir.
- 11 A. There is a Ms. Huff, Ms. Telgenhoff. I don't know if
- 12 they are legal assistants or not.
- 13 | Q. Okay.
- 14 A. I think they are.
- 15 Q. Okay. But the original Exhibit D requested that
- 16 Julie Houston be included as well.
- 17 THE COURT: And who is Ms. Houston? Is she a
- 18 lawyer?
- 19 MS. CANNELLA: She's one of the paralegals,
- 20 Your Honor.
- 21 THE COURT: Did she make an appearance in the
- 22 case?
- MS. CANNELLA: No, sir.
- THE COURT: But you insisted that anybody dealing
- with this had to be e-mailed; otherwise, it would considered

as nonreceived? 1 MS. CANNELLA: Your Honor, we were trying to make 2 sure nothing would fall through the cracks, so we didn't miss 3 something or --4 THE COURT: I have never seen any lawyer insist 5 that they would not consider something as being received 6 7 unless every legal assistant, paralegal and lawyer was copied on a communication. I have never seen that either 8 when I was in practice, when I was in public service, or on 9 this job. 10 And if you think that's reasonable, then you and 11 I can disagree about how one ought to practice law. 12 MS. CANNELLA: Your Honor, we certainly agree that 13 we received the letter, the offer of settlement. We don't 14 contest that at all. 15 THE COURT: Then let's move on. 16 BY MS. CANNELLA: 17 Mr. Scribner, I want to talk to you briefly about 18 0. Autoliv's defense in the case. 19 Would you agree that Autoliv knew there was a 20 possibility it could lose on its motion for summary judgment 21 or in the Eleventh Circuit? 22 Α. Yes. 23 In fact, you talked to The Daily Report about the 24

confusion in the law on this issue?

- A. I believe people are confused on the law on this issue.
- Q. Pages six through seven of Autoliv's reply brief
- identifies the factors that Autoliv analyzed when considering
- 4 | the appropriate settlement amount in this case.
- 5 Would you please turn to pages six and seven?
- 6 A. Page six and seven of our brief?
- 7 Q. Your reply brief.
- 8 A. Give me a moment, please.
- 9 I'm sorry, what pages again, please?
- 10 Q. Six and seven.
- 11 A. I am there.

- 12 0. Thank you.
- The list starts in the first full paragraph on page six
- 14 and goes into page seven. Is that representation of the
- 15 | factors Autoliv considered a complete and accurate
- 16 representation?
- 17 A. Well, it says when considering the value of the case, we
- considered the following things. And we did, we considered
- 19 | all of those things.
- 20 If you are asking me are those the only things that we
- 21 considered, we considered hundreds of things. We have been
- 22 litigating hammer and tongs for three years. We considered
- 23 the entirety of the record.
- 24 | O. Are these the important factors that Autoliv considered?
- 25 A. They are important factors that we considered.

- Q. Were there other major factors that Autoliv considered?
- 2 A. Cost, the litigation expenses that we would incur if we
- didn't settle, we considered that as well.
- 4 | Q. So the cost, and then the factors identified in this
- 5 | brief; correct?

- 6 A. Yeah, I think so.
- 7 Q. Page seven says that Autoliv considered the likely full
- 8 | value of damages in the case. What did Autoliv believe the
- 9 | likely full value of life damages were?
- 10 A. The economic damages according to your expert were a
- 11 | little over two million dollars. We would cross-examine him
- at trial; however, it wasn't wildly out of bounds with the
- 13 | economic value here.
- 14 We considered that, along with the fact that there would
- 15 be something more than that in the event there was a
- 16 | plaintiffs' verdict. And so we took that amount, and then we
- 17 | reduced it based upon our likelihood of success at the trial
- 18 | court, at the Eleventh Circuit, perhaps at trial.
- 19 And in light of the fact that our position was right or
- 20 | wrong, we thought the vast majority of the responsibility for
- what happened here rested with the decedent himself, Mazda
- 22 and Bosch.
- 23 | O. And what did Autoliv believe the value of Mr. Andrews'
- 24 | life would be?
- 25 A. Can you rephrase, please?

- Q. What did Autoliv believe the value of Mr. Andrews' life
- would be as found by the jury?
- 3 A. I'm sorry, that last part?
- 4 Q. As found by the jury.
- 5 A. Oh, I think the range would be somewhere between a
- 6 factor of the two million. So it would be more than two
- 7 | million would be my guess.
- 8 | O. It could have been three million?
- 9 A. It could have been a hundred million.
- 10 But realistically it was two million in economic
- 11 damages. It was going to be something more than that at
- 12 | trial we thought for the whole case if there was a
- plaintiffs' verdict, if we didn't win directed verdict, if
- 14 | the Eleventh Circuit didn't affirm, and if all of it was
- placed at the doorstep of Autoliv, which we strongly felt was
- 16 | not going to happen.
- 17 Q. One of the things Autoliv considered in determining the
- amount of the offer was, quote, Mr. Andrews was dealing with
- marital difficulties, closed quote. Is that correct?
- 20 A. I don't know that it played a massive role in our
- 21 assessment of the case, but it was out there. There were
- 22 marital difficulties. They were sleeping in different
- 23 bedrooms, that sort of thing.
- 24 | O. Why would Autoliv bring that up in its brief?
- 25 A. Why would it bring it up in its brief?

- 1 Q. Yes, sir.
- 2 A. Because it's a factor in terms of figuring out how you
- 3 | value the case. There are cases where children get burned,
- 4 there are other cases where a surviving spouse is bringing a
- 5 claim on behalf of their surviving spouses where they are
- 6 having marital difficulties. Those are two very different
- 7 | scenarios.
- 8 O. Autoliv knew that marital difficulties are not
- 9 | admissible at trial; correct?
- 10 A. Pardon me?
- 11 | Q. Autoliv knew that marital difficulties are not
- 12 | admissible at trial; is that right?
- 13 A. Did Autoliv know that marital difficulties were
- 14 | inadmissible at trial?
- 15 Q. Yes, sir.
- 16 A. I think that depends on the case that you tried.
- 17 MS. CANNELLA: May I approach, Your Honor?
- 18 THE COURT: You may.
- 19 BY MS. CANNELLA:
- 20 Q. I'm going to hand you a case that I have highlighted,
- 21 | Cornelius v. Macon-Bibb County, 243 Ga. App. 480. I have
- tabbed and highlighted a passage there.
- 23 On cross-examination, Mrs. Crump's daughter
- confirmed that there was a period of about three
- months that Mr. Crump lived with someone else, but

by the time Mrs. Crump died, Mr. and Mrs. Crump had 1 reconciled. 2 Did I read that correctly? 3 Α. Where are you reading from, please? 4 The first highlight. Ο. 5 Α. On cross-examination, Mrs. Crump's daughter 6 confirmed that there was a period of about three 7 months that Mr. Crump lived with someone else, but 8 by the time Mrs. Crump died, Mr. and Mrs. Crump had 9 reconciled. 10 And then the second passage says that's 11 Ο. Correct. highlighted: 12 Wright holds that marital problems do not 13 reduce the measure of damages or the damages 14 recoverable. 15 Did I read that correctly? 16 Α. Yes, you did. 17 I note in that paragraph it started out THE COURT: 18 with the court granting a motion in limine for whatever 19 reasons were given about marital difficulties. The question 20 21 was whether or not it had been opened on cross-examination. The Court of Appeals said that it had to be. 22 So it started with an order of the court that that 23 not, for whatever was argued at the motion in limine stage, 24 that that was not admissible. 25

- So the only question here was whether or not there had been direct examination that opened the door, and the court said there wasn't.
- MS. CANNELLA: Correct, Your Honor, yes.
- THE COURT: It's different than the way that you
- 6 characterized the case, but I have read it.
- 7 BY MS. CANNELLA:

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- 8 Q. Do you agree that plaintiffs' medical expert,
- 9 Dr. Burton, testified that Mrs. Andrews suffered conscious
- 10 pain and suffering before his death?
- 11 A. That Mr. Andrews did?
- 12 | Q. Yes, sir.
- 13 A. His opinion was that he did, correct.
- 14 Q. And did Autoliv hire an expert to contest any of the
- opinions besides the opinion from the seatbelt expert?
- 16 A. We did not hire a testifying expert on the issue of
- 17 | conscious pain and suffering.
- 18 Q. Do you have plaintiffs' exhibit notebook?
- 19 A. Yes, I do.
- 20 | Q. Could you turn to Exhibit H?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. Would you stipulate that these bills reflected in the
- 23 summary are the bills that Autoliv had access to through the
- 24 depositions? Or I should say the bills in -- one of them is
- 25 | an estimate and the testimony of the expenses.

- 1 A. You have me there. I don't know.
- 2 | Q. Okay.
- 3 A. Are these fees that plaintiffs' experts charged your law
- 4 | firm?
- 5 | Q. These are the bills from the depositions in the case.
- 6 A. I'm not sure I understand, from the depositions?
- 7 Q. Yes. They are exhibits to the depositions for the
- 8 experts.
- 9 A. Oh, I see, I got it. This is their time, and they were
- 10 introduced as exhibits at their deposition.
- 11 Q. Correct.
- 12 A. I have no reason to dispute it. I don't know it to be
- 13 the case.
- MS. CANNELLA: That's all I have for
- 15 Mr. Scribner. Thank you.
- 16 THE COURT: Redirect?
- MS. MENDELSOHN: No, Your Honor.
- THE COURT: All right. Thank you for your
- 19 testimony. You can return to counsel table.
- 20 THE WITNESS: Thank you.
- 21 THE COURT: Anything else that the defendants want
- 22 to present?
- MS. MENDELSOHN: If Your Honor would like argument,
- 24 | we would be happy to give some, but --
- THE COURT: We will do evidence first.

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Anything that the plaintiffs would like to present
1
     in the form of evidence or testimony?
2
                              I'm sorry, Your Honor?
3
               MS. CANNELLA:
               THE COURT: Is there any evidence or testimony you
4
     would like to present?
5
               MS. CANNELLA:
                              No, sir.
6
7
               THE COURT: Other than what you have presented in
     your attachments that I received in your notebook?
8
               MS. CANNELLA: Correct, Your Honor.
                                                     Thank you.
9
               THE COURT: I mean, does anybody have any objection
10
     to me considering anything that was presented by either side
11
     for use at this hearing?
12
               MS. MENDELSOHN: No, Your Honor.
13
14
               MR. SCRIBNER: No, Judge.
               THE COURT: Even though some of that was not
15
     referred to, but I'm happy to consider that, if nobody
16
     objects to it?
17
                              I don't think we have an objection
               MS. CANNELLA:
18
     to that.
               Thank you, Your Honor.
19
               MS. MENDELSOHN: None, Your Honor.
20
               THE COURT: I think everybody has submitted their
21
     briefs on this.
                      The purpose of the hearing was that because
22
     under state law the plaintiff in this case was entitled to a
23
     hearing in order to contest the reasonableness of the fees,
24
25
     and I've taken the testimony, you had a chance to cross, and
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you have admitted these -- now we have admitted these other
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     exhibits.
2
               Which we probably ought to make sure that the
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     record is clear on what those are. If you don't mind,
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     I think the exhibits are -- didn't you give us -- your
5
     plaintiffs' exhibits were at Docket Entry 303, which lists
6
7
     the A through I exhibits that you want me to consider?
8
               MS. CANNELLA: Yes, sir.
               THE COURT: So I'm going to admit all of those.
9
               And then the plaintiffs' exhibits are only Exhibits
10
     A, B, C and D, and those are listed at Docket Entry 301.
11
               MS. MENDELSOHN: I think you said plaintiffs', but
12
     those are ours.
13
               THE COURT: I'm sorry, defendant Autoliv's.
14
               MS. MENDELSOHN: Yes, Your Honor.
15
               THE COURT: So that's in the record, the testimony
16
     is in the record, your briefs are in the record. But if
17
     there is something that occurred to you as a result of this
18
     that you want to add to that, let's do that now, starting
19
     with the defendant.
20
               MS. MENDELSOHN: We don't have anything to add,
21
     Your Honor, unless there are any questions that you have?
22
               THE COURT: Well, I have read everything so far and
23
     I have listened to the testimony.
24
               Anything else that the plaintiffs would like to
25
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add? 1 MS. CANNELLA: Your Honor, may I hand up a recent 2 case from the Court of Appeals on the 9-11-68? 3 THE COURT: Thank you. 4 MS. CANNELLA: Sure. 5 I would just like to bring this case to the Court's 6 7 attention. It addresses an argument about a rejection under 9-11-68, and on the place that I flagged the Court of Appeals 8 held that the statute must be strictly construed against the 9 award of attorneys' fees. 10 And it also states on page five of that opinion, 11 which I am sure the Court will read so I won't summarize the 12 entire thing, but it emphasizes that the rejection must be in 13 14 writing and served upon the offeror, those two requirements in italics. 15 We would ask the Court to apply the statute 16 strictly and to only award fees after the time of the 30-day 17 18 elapse. THE COURT: So you are not contesting that the 19 demand was made in writing and that you received it? 20 MS. CANNELLA: No, sir. 21 THE COURT: All right. And you are not contesting 22 23 that it was rejected? MS. CANNELLA: Your Honor, we are contesting that, 24 25 but I can tell from your countenance that you don't agree.

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THE COURT: Well, look, you know, when somebody sends an e-mail saying that unless you revoke the letter I'm not going to talk to you about resolving the case, at any time did he come back and say, look, I know you didn't reject it, but we have an obligation to respond to the letter, we reject it, or we are not going to respond? You were just silent, weren't you? Did you ever at all, other than Mr. Butler's e-mail, ever respond to the letter? MS. CANNELLA: Your Honor, we didn't respond, and Autoliv didn't respond either. And if Your Honor is curious about that three-minute-after-the-offer e-mail, I can provide some context. In terms of these offers of settlement, for somebody who is in Ms. Andrews' position, a single working mom with a child to care for, an offer of settlement is a huge -- not just a thumb on the scale, it's a threat of bankruptcy. And so in dealing with defendants who don't want to pay fees but certainly could have the ability to pay fees, there is a huge imbalance of power there. So while we are always happy to entertain good faith settlements, when you have that threat against an individual who is facing bankruptcy potentially paying

white-shoe law firm fees, you have --

THE COURT: First of all, let's get rid of the rhetoric, let's get rid of all the emotional things. This is a letter that -- state law provides that you can send these letters.

MS. CANNELLA: Absolutely, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And the letter was sent, and there was a three-minute response by the named partner in your firm.

MS. CANNELLA: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Rather than a thoughtful response saying let me think about it, let me talk to my client about it, we are not inclined, but we will get back to you, it was -- it said we are not going to talk about this unless you withdraw the letter.

So talk about leverage, the leverage was that you are not going to strike any deal with us. And I'm sure you can say all the things that you said to them you have been saying to me about single mom who has lots of obligations -- I don't see how a hundred thousand dollars or two hundred thousand dollars would bankrupt her, but I think I understand kind of what you are trying to get at.

And instead, a lawyer sends this quick, curt response three minutes after they get it, and then never does anything.

MS. CANNELLA: Your Honor, we --

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THE COURT:
                           I know what e-mails like that mean, and
1
     I think any lawyer would know that unless you withdrew it, we
2
     are not going to talk.
3
               And he followed through on that, because you didn't
4
            You didn't talk, none of all those people that you
     talk.
5
     insisted on e-mails be sent to talked, Mr. Butler didn't
6
7
     talk, Mr. Peak didn't talk, whoever else was on this case,
     not a word. Because it was rejected.
8
               MS. CANNELLA: Your Honor, I understand your
9
     position. And it was rejected, you are absolutely right.
                                                                 Ιt
10
     was just thirty days after the letter was sent.
11
               THE COURT: But it was rejected.
12
               MS. CANNELLA: It was rejected by silence, yes,
13
14
     Your Honor.
               THE COURT: And your argument is that in
15
     calculating attorneys' fees, you have to take into
16
     account the terms of the statute, and that the attorneys'
17
     fees don't run until a date after Mr. Butler's one-line
18
     three-minute-after-the-offer-was-sent rejection.
19
               MS. CANNELLA: Until after the thirty days,
20
21
     correct.
               THE COURT: I understand that.
22
23
               MS. CANNELLA:
                              Yes, sir.
               THE COURT:
                           So it's a legal argument that the time
24
     for attorneys' fees doesn't begin to run until some period
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under the statute after the letter was sent.
1
               MS. CANNELLA: Yes, sir. That's our second
2
     argument, that's correct.
3
               And -- well, I have lost my train of thought.
4
     But -- oh, I wanted to tell the Court that we made an error
5
     in the calculation. Under the summary --
6
               THE COURT: Do you want to just send a follow-up
7
     e-mail correcting the calculation?
8
               MS. CANNELLA:
                              Sure.
9
               THE COURT: That would be fine.
10
               MS. CANNELLA: Sure, we can do that.
11
               And, Your Honor, we also contend that the offer was
12
     not made in good faith, but if the Court does not want to
13
     hear argument on that, then we absolutely respect the Court's
14
     position on that.
15
16
               Thank you.
               THE COURT: Thank you.
17
               Anything else?
18
               MS. MENDELSOHN: Just thirty seconds, Your Honor.
19
               Having seen this case and the statute needing to be
20
     strictly construed, I actually think that works in favor of
21
     Autoliv.
22
               Because 9-11-68 (a) (8) prescribes the offer letter
23
     has to be written and served as required by Code Section
24
     9-11-5. And then going down to 9-11-68 which speaks to the
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response, it just says writing served.
1
               So under the expressio unius canon that plaintiffs
2
     like to cite and has been cited here, I actually think that
3
     would enure to our benefit.
4
               MS. CANNELLA: Your Honor, may I respond to that
5
     one argument?
6
7
               Here is the statute.
8
               THE COURT:
                           Thank you.
                              The subsection that Ms. Mendelsohn
               MS. CANNELLA:
9
     is referring to -- do you know which subsection it was?
10
               MS. MENDELSOHN: (a) (8) and then also (c).
11
               MS. CANNELLA: So under (a) (8), it says that the
12
     offer must include a certificate of service and be served by
13
     certified mail or statutory overnight delivery as required
14
     under 9-11-5. (a) (8) references 9-11-5 because it is
15
     narrowing the categories under that statute that can be used
16
     to serve.
17
               In contrast, the rejection provision under
18
     Subsection (c) does not narrow the category. So we could
19
     have served it via mail, overnight delivery, in hand, or
20
     electronic service had there been an agreement among the
21
     parties to accept such service, which there was not in this
22
23
     case.
               Thank you.
24
               THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
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Ms. Andrews, I feel sorry that you had to listen to
some of the things that we went through today. I think you
have gone through a very difficult time. I've gone through a
similar time in my family.
          So this is what lawyers do sometimes, and it's not
the first time I have had to listen to it, but I think it's
the first time in a while where somebody who has gone through
the sort of suffering that you have been through would have
to listen to this sort of squabbling.
          I'm going to do what I think is right on behalf of
both of the parties. I'll have a chance to read these
cases.
          But I appreciate your being here, and I'm sorry
some of the personal things had to be revisited by you.
my prayers, ultimately the further you get away from this,
the more perspective you can get.
          I think that that will happen, at least that's been
my experience. And I wish you well as you go through that
process, although I know it's not an easy one.
          MS. ANDREWS:
                       Thank you.
          THE COURT: Anything else?
          MS. MENDELSOHN: No, Your Honor.
          MS. CANNELLA:
                        No, Your Honor.
          THE COURT: We will be in recess.
              (Proceedings adjourn at 3:10 p.m.)
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CERTIFICATE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA :
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA :
I, Nicholas A. Marrone, RMR, CRR, Official Court
Reporter of the United States District Court for the Northern
District of Georgia, do hereby certify that the foregoing 38
pages constitute a true transcript of proceedings had before
the said Court, held in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, in the
matter therein stated.
In testimony whereof, I hereunto set my hand on
this, the 27th day of July, 2017.
/s/ Nicholas A. Marrone
NICHOLAS A. MARRONE, RMR, CRR Registered Merit Reporter
Certified Realtime Reporter Official Court Reporter
Northern District of Georgia